



# Reception Parent Mathematics Workshop

24<sup>th</sup> October 2025

# Session Aims

- To know the key early Mathematics skills and vocabulary
- To understand how Mathematics is taught in Reception
- To gain practical ideas to support Mathematics at home

# Why work with your child?

The help that parents give their children at home has a very significant impact on their learning.

## Development Matters (2023)

- Promote Positive Attitudes
- Integrate Maths into Daily Life

# Early Years Framework

## Mathematics

### ELG: Number

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Have a deep understanding of numbers to 10, including the composition of each number.
- Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5.
- Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.

### ELG: Numerical Patterns

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system.
- Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity.
- Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.

# Early Years Mathematics : What Your Child Will Learn

- **Counting & Cardinality:** Count accurately and know the total number in a set.
- **Subitising:** Recognise small numbers without counting.
- **Composition & Partitioning:** Break numbers apart and put them together (e.g.,  $5 = 2 + 3$ ).
- **Number Bonds:** Recall pairs of numbers that make 10.
- **Mathematical Language:** Use words like “more,” “less,” “part,” and “whole.”
- **Everyday Mathematics :** Explore shapes, sizes, patterns, and measurement through play.

# Early Years Mathematics: How Your Child Will Learn

At the heart of our mastery approach is the Concrete Pictorial Abstract (CPA) approach. Research shows that when children are introduced to a new concept, working with concrete physical resources and pictorial representations leads to a better understanding of abstract concepts. We use CPA throughout our WRM schemes of learning and Mastering Number lessons.



# The 2 Types of Counting

## 1. Stable Order Counting

Say numbers in the correct order (1, 2, 3, ...)



Memorising the number sequence, is the foundation of all counting.

## 2. One-to-One Correspondence

Ability to match numbers to objects when counting

### With physical objects:

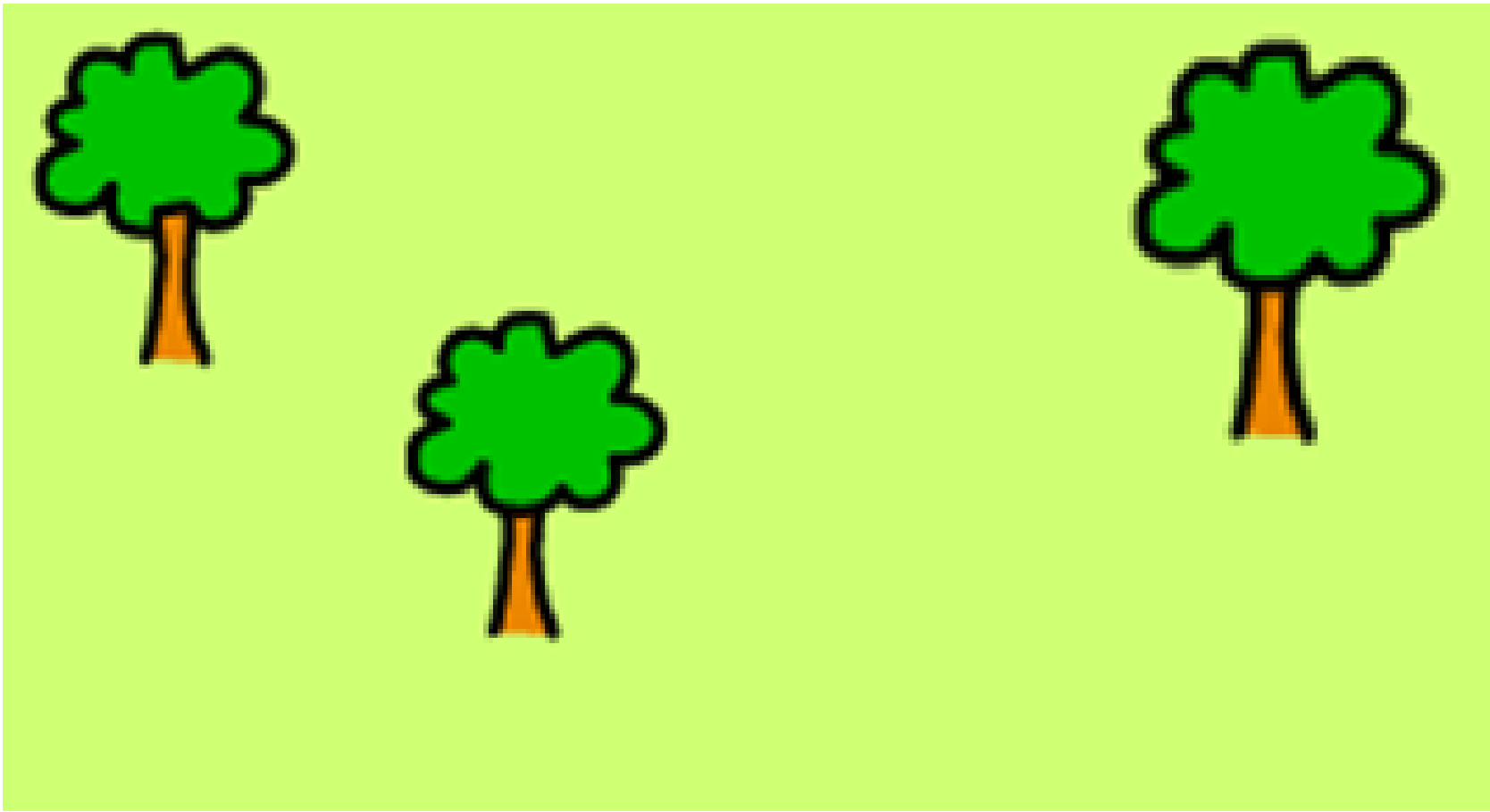
- Line them up so each object is counted once.
- Move each object as it is counted to avoid double-counting.

### Abstract counting (without objects):

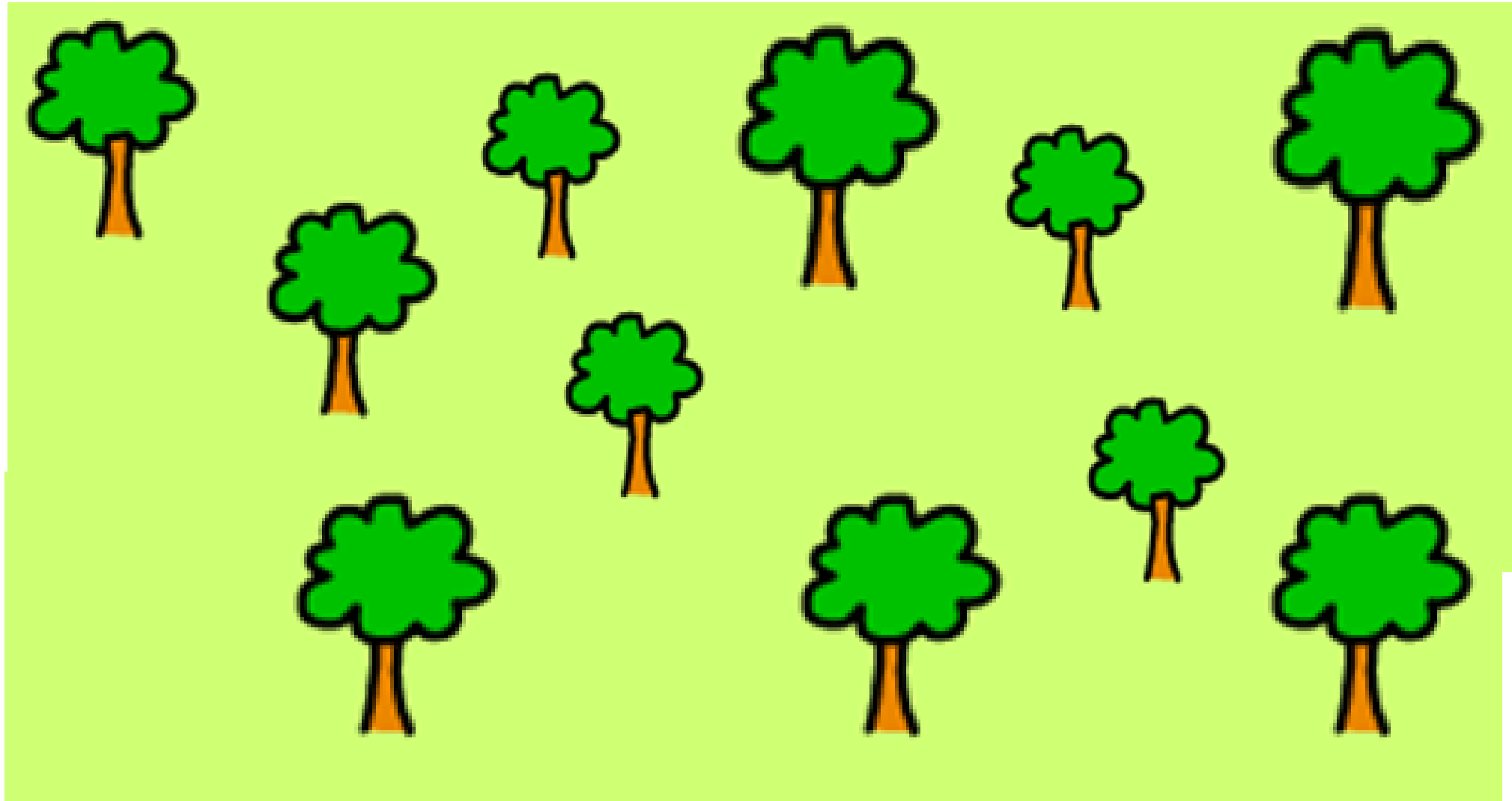
- Count actions or sounds (e.g., claps, jumps).
- Encourage children to visualise the objects in their mind while counting



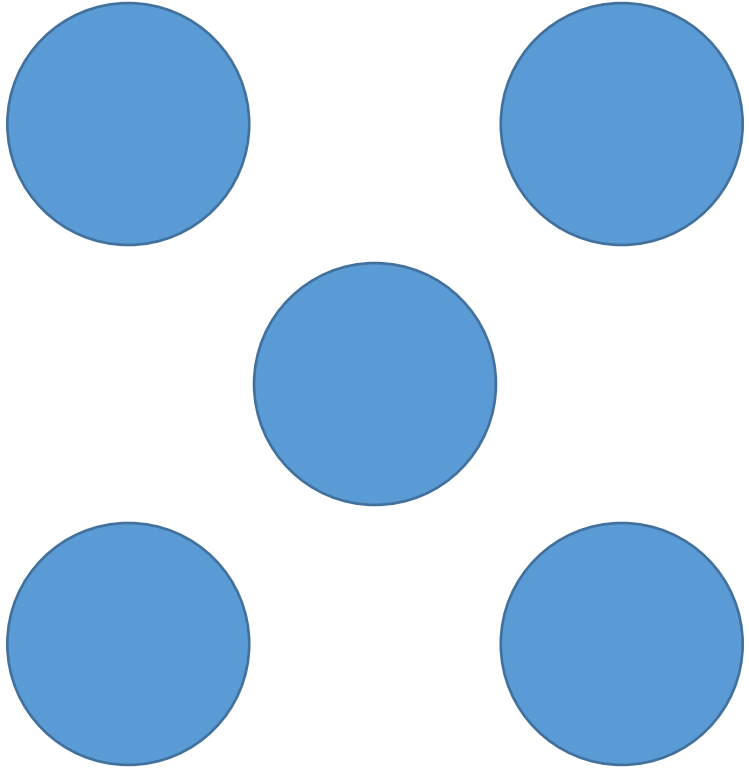
Get those fast eyes ready!



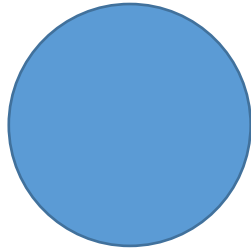
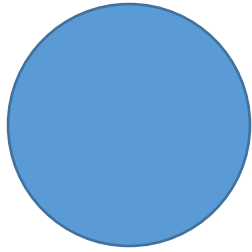
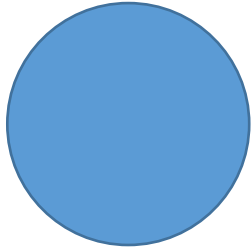




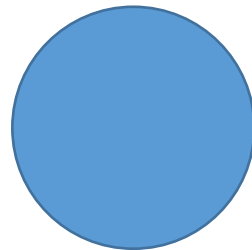
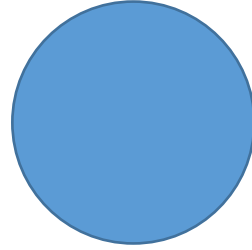
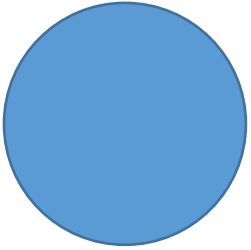
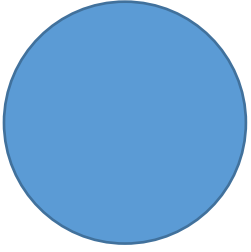








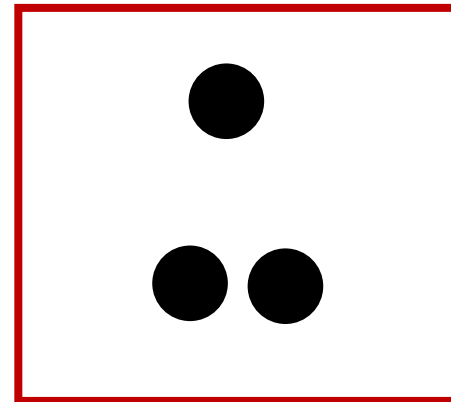
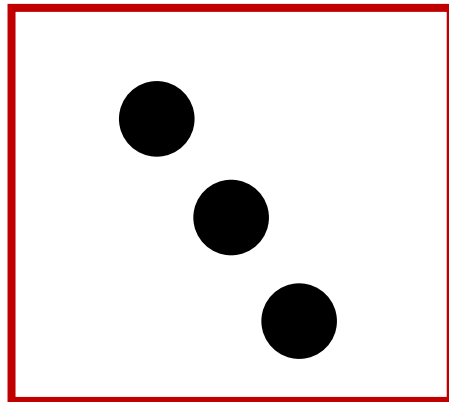
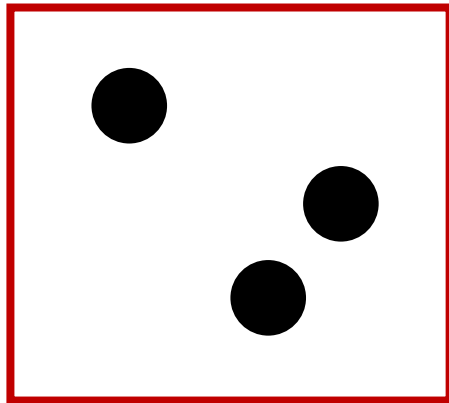




# Subitising

The ability to look at a small number of objects and instantly recognise how many objects there are without needing to count.

Sometimes when we subitise we can see two groups at once; if we know that 3 can be 'made' of 2 and 1, then we know how many there are altogether without counting.



## How will knowing how numbers are 'made' help?

If children know that **4** can be made of **3** and **1**, they can apply this knowledge later on to see that:

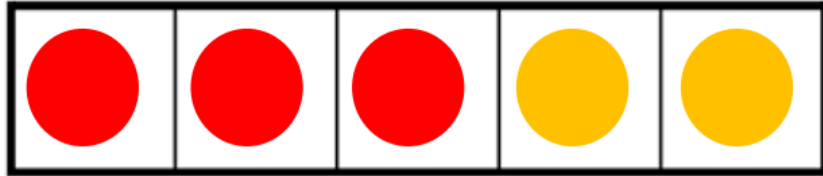
**30** and **10** is **40**

**300** and **100** is **400**

and that;

**400** take away **100** is **300**

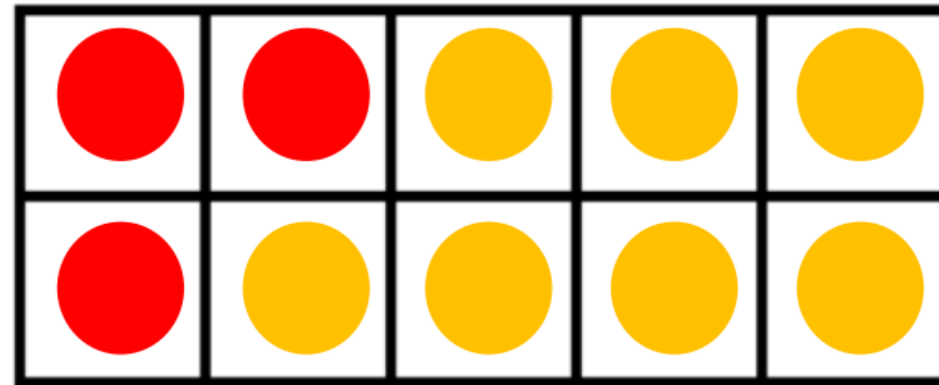
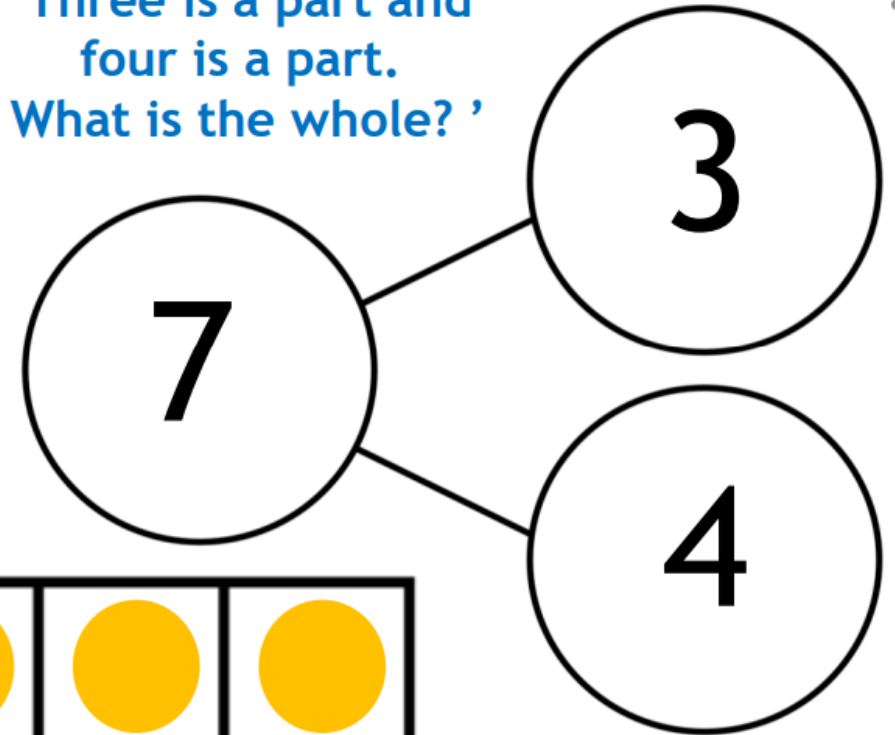
# Composition / partitioning



‘How many red dots?  
How many yellow dots?  
How many altogether?  
So, five is the whole.’

Two is a part and three is a part.’

‘Three is a part and  
four is a part.  
What is the whole?’

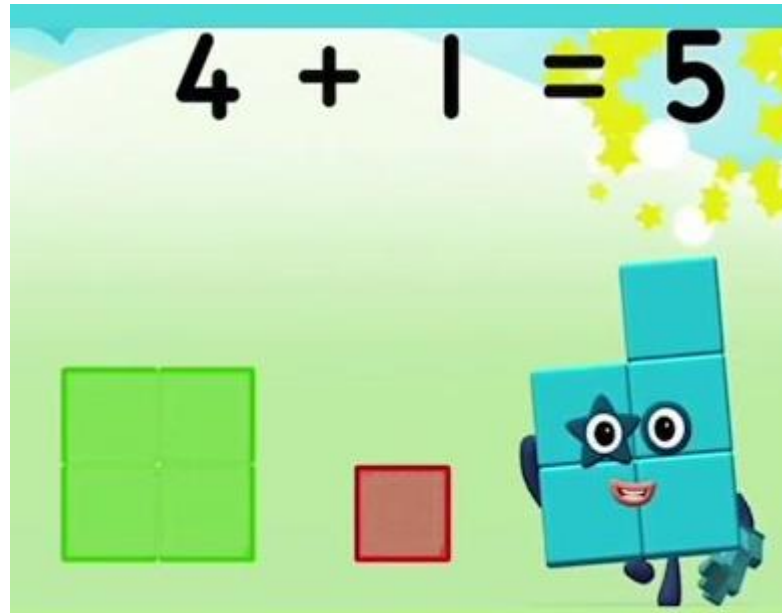
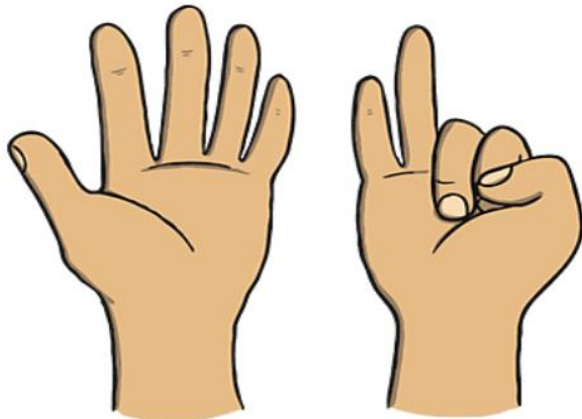


‘Ten is the whole.  
Seven is a part and \_\_\_\_\_ is a part.’

# Cardinality – “the Threeness of three”

The cardinal value of a number refers to the quantity of things it represents.

$$5 + 2 =$$



# How we teach Maths in school?

- a) Daily Routines
- b) Structured Lessons
- c) Continuous Provision
- d) Digital Tools

# Daily Routines

**Good Morning Reception!** 




**1 Self-Register**

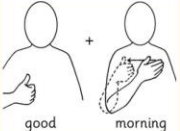
**2 Write your name on your whiteboard.**

**3 Write the numbers**

9 3 2 5 7




**Good Morning Reception!** 



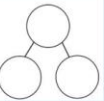


**1 Self-Register/Zones of Regulation**

**2 Write your name on your whiteboard.**

**3 Can you represent this number in different ways?**

12

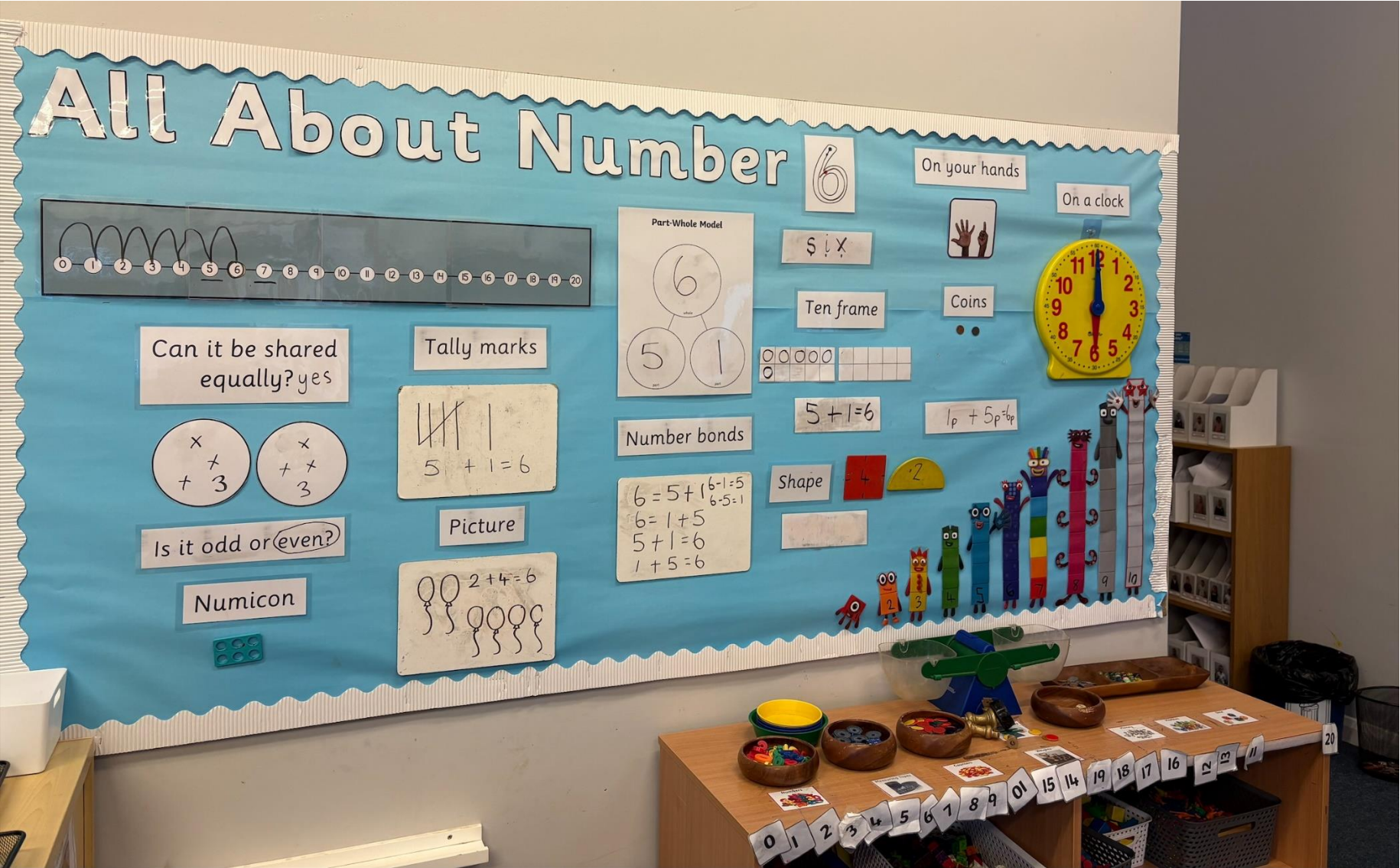





# Daily Routine – Self-Register



Supporting video on the school website.

# Daily Routine – All About Number



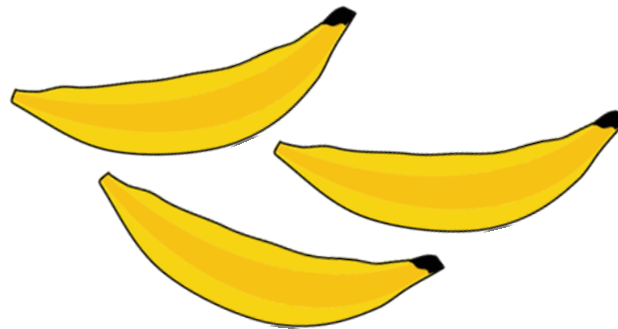
Supporting video on the school website.

# Structured Lessons

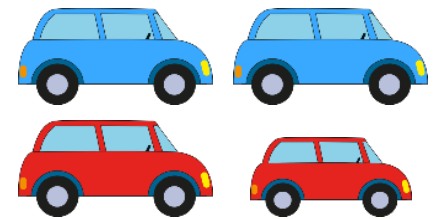
- **White Rose Maths – Shape and Measure:** visual, hands-on approach.
- **Mastering Number:** 10-minute sessions, 4 times a week – focus on fluency and number sense.



Counting



Recognising small numbers of objects and making their own collections



Know different ways to 'make' (compose) a number

# Continuous Provision



# Stories and Nursery Rhymes



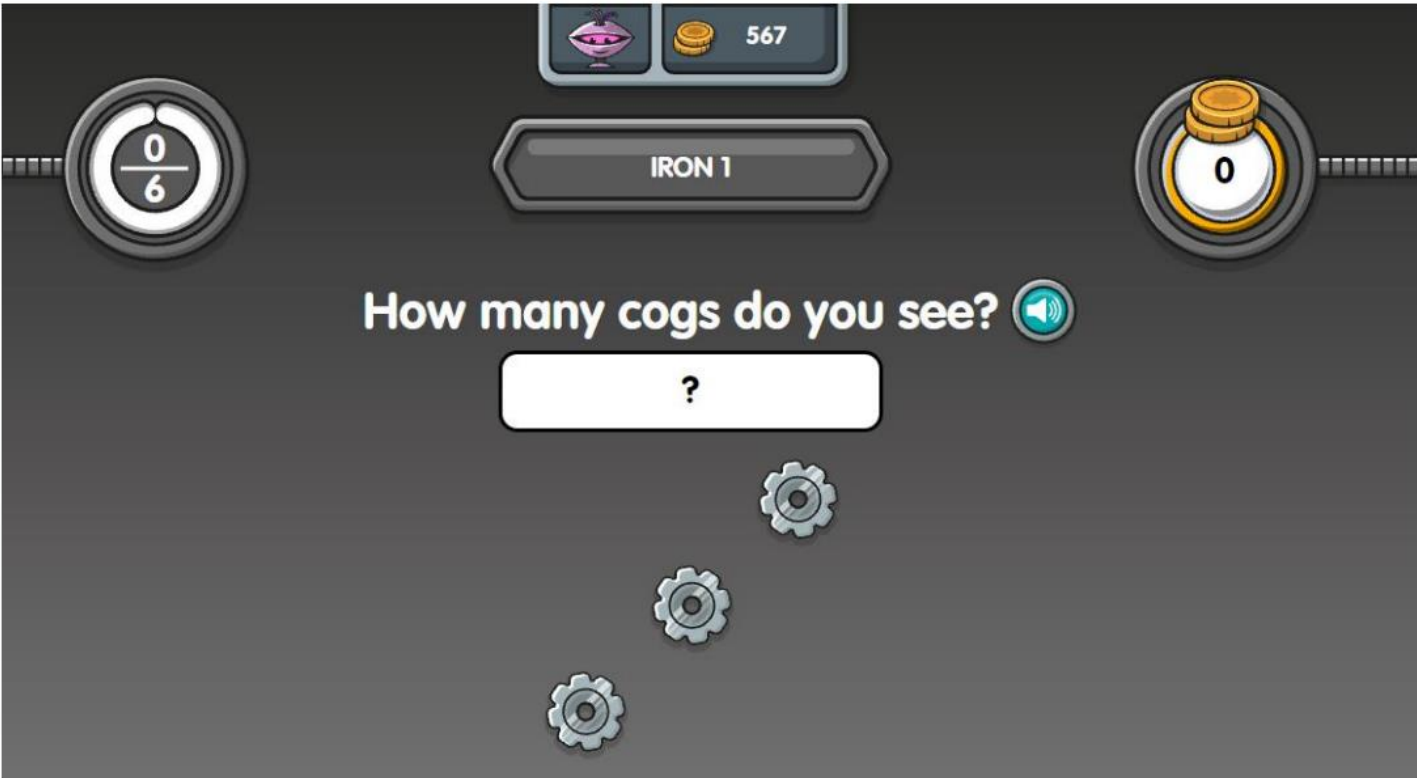
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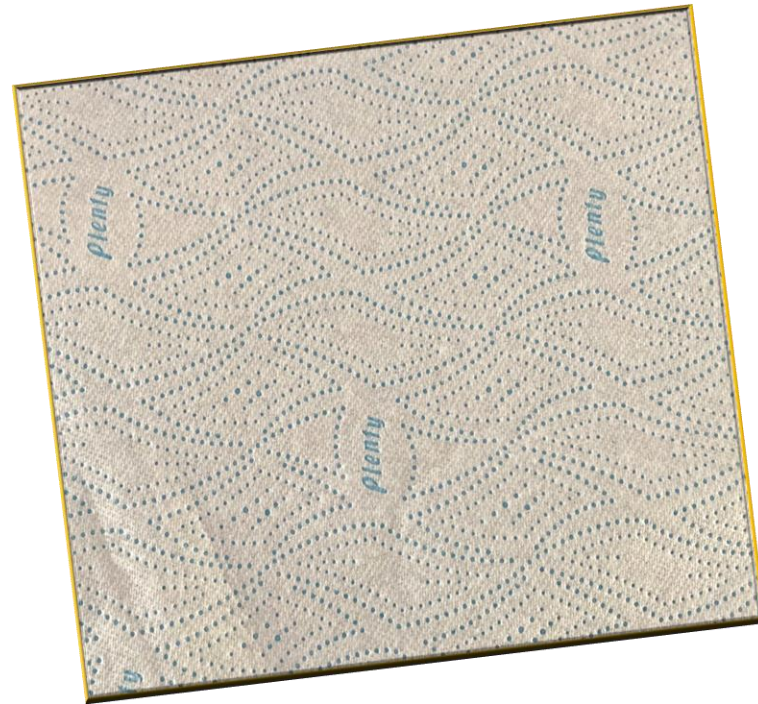
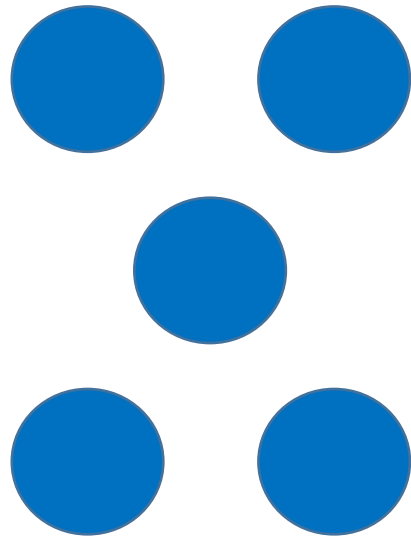
<https://www.scottishbooktrust.com/book-lists/books-about-numbers>

# Digital Tools



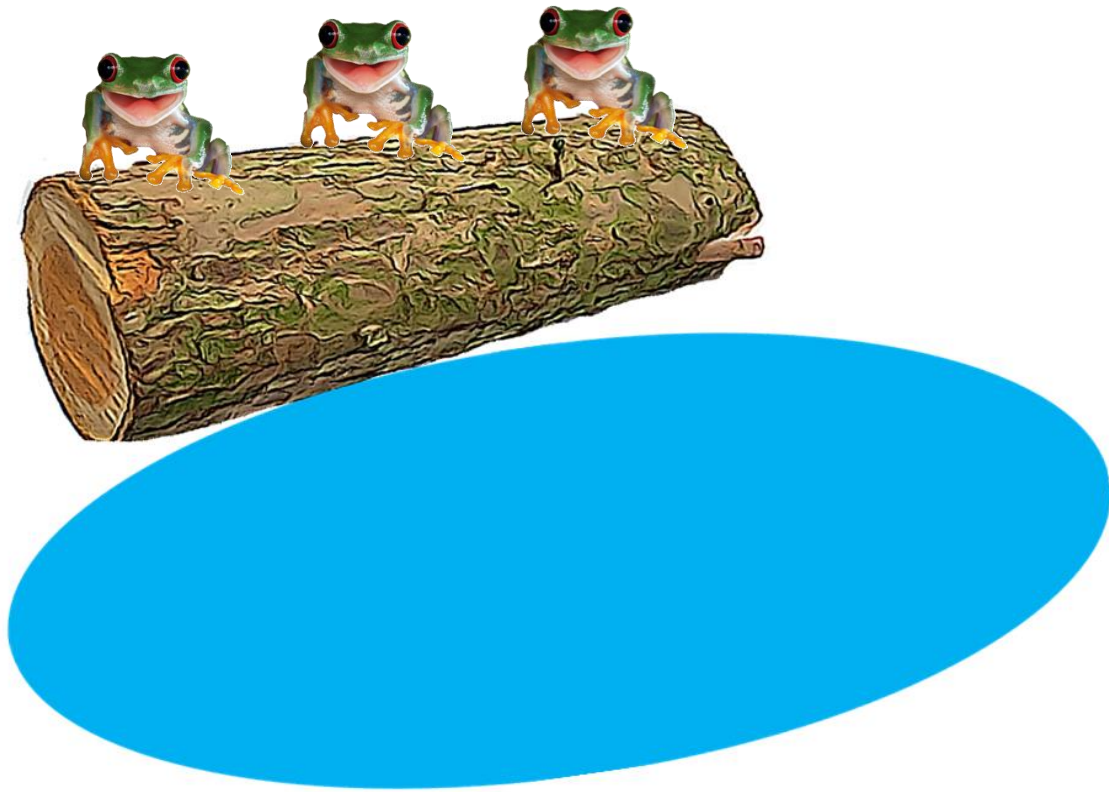
# Practical Activities to support your child at home

You will need counters and something to cover them.



# Practical Activities to support your child at home

## Put frogs on the log

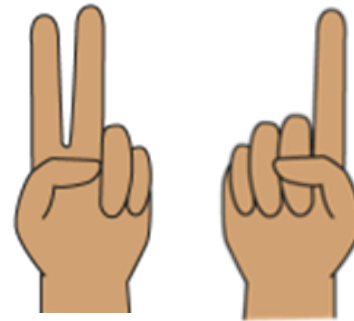


Show with your fingers:

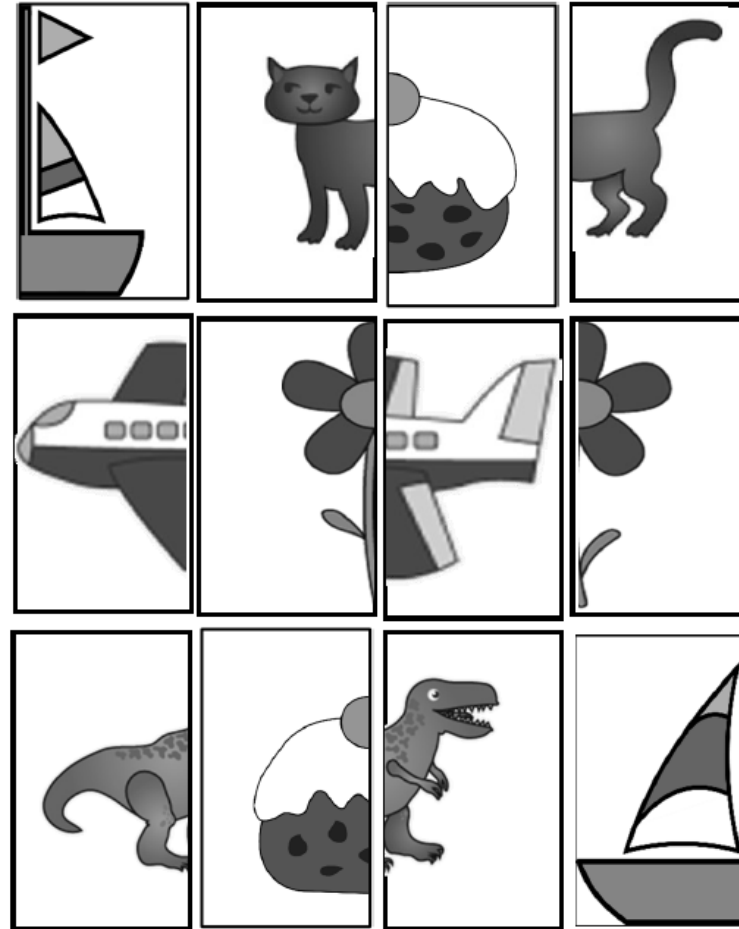
How many are on the log?

How many in the pool?

How many altogether?



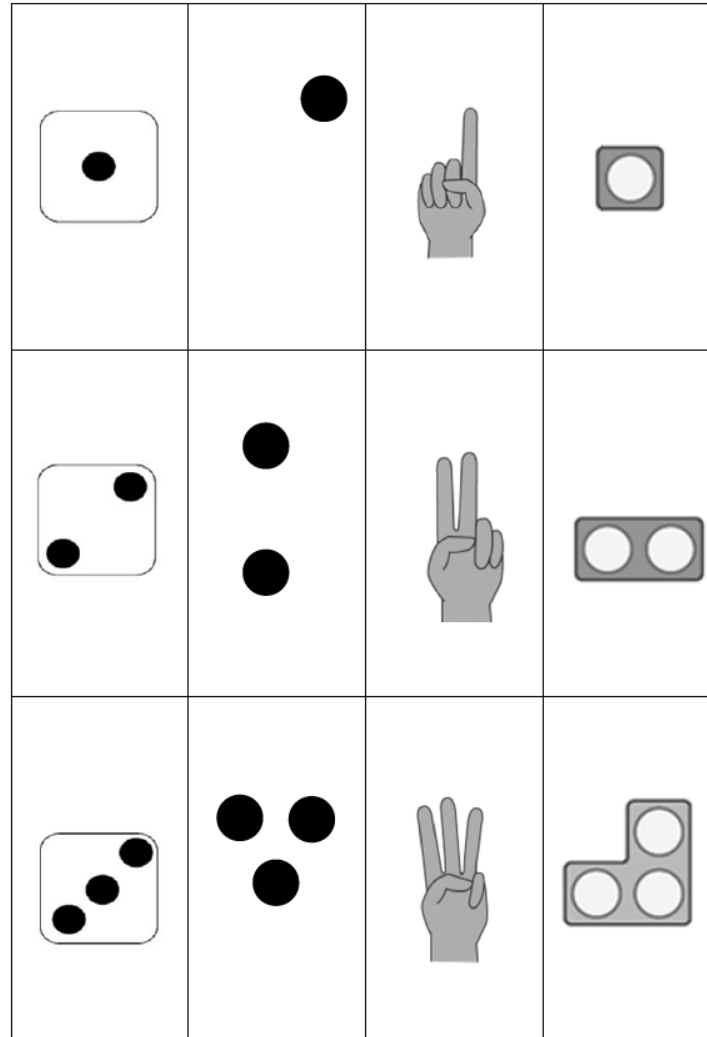
# Practical Activities to support your child at home



Cut carefully around each of the images.  
Lay the cut cards face-up on a flat surface in front of you.  
Take it in turns with the grown-up.  
Look for two images that look like they are part of a whole.  
Pick them up and say 'part' 'part'.  
Put them together and say 'whole.'

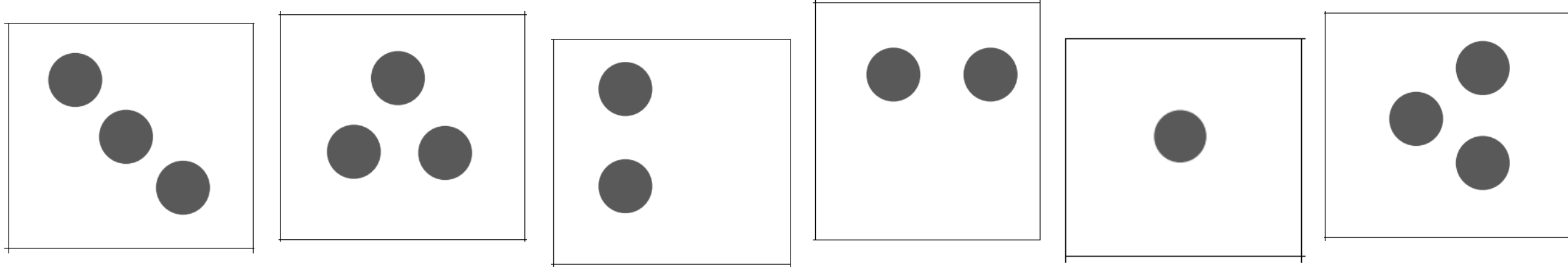
# Practical Activities to support your child at home

## Subitising snap



# Practical Activities to support your child at home

## Part-part-whole with dots



One person will pick up a card, and the other person must pick up the card that will 'make 4'.

# Practical Activities to support your child at home

- Counting objects around the house.
- Using fingers, toys, or snacks to show composition and partitioning.
- Playing simple board or dice games for subitising and number bonds.
- Using tens frames at home.
- Talking about numbers in daily routines (“How many steps to the door?”).

Any questions?